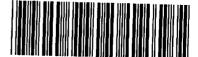
STRATEGIC REPORT; REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

FOR

QUEROS CAPITAL PARTNERS PLC

WEUNESDAY



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QUEROS CAPITAL PARTNERS PLC

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

DIRECTORS:

M:S Boom

C N Hutton Y Singh

SECRETARY:

Y Singh

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Office Suite G4 Bredon House 321 Tettenhall Road Wolverhampton West Midlands WV6 0JZ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

09294394

AUDITORS:

Cox Costello & Horne Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Fourth & Fifth Floor 14-15 Lower Grosvenor Place London

SW1W DEX

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

We are pleased to announce our second year financial report to our stakeholders for the period ended 31st; December 2016

Company's principal investment policy is focused in two key investment areas which is short term loan notes to SME's and real estate in UK and in Europe. The Company also provides consultancy and advisory services to its corporate clients.

Company has a listed Unsecured Bond on the NEX-Exchange market (Formerly known as ISDX exchange); for the term of 10 years until the year 2025 at an 8% coupon.

The Company has invested at present in short term loan notes in order to service the coupon and further subscriptions will be invested in other larger property portfolios.

It has identified several investments in real estate sector in UK and investment will be made subject to satisfactory due diligence when further subscriptions will be raised via bond issue.

For the financial year ended 31st December 2016, the Net assets of the company are £65,611 and it has successfully maintained its quarterly interest payments to the bond holders up to the reporting date and the board is determined to protect bond holders interest in the near future.

The Risk relating to the bond issues has been disclosed in the admission document of the company with NEX exchange (Formerly known as ISDX exchange) and is readily available from the website of the company www.queroscapitalpartners.com.

We continue to look and explore new investment opportunities to maximise stakeholiders interest and developing our existing investments. The Board forecasts to maximise return on the investments in the near future in lieu of financial and political climate around the United Kingdom and Europe.

Our board continues to maintain a high level of corporate governance and places great importance to risk management in selecting investments for the company. We expect our team to act both professionally in their day to day duties.

I wish to take this opportunity to congratulate our team for successfully meeting targets and achieving fruitful results for the company and its stakeholders.

At the end I would be thankful to our loyal stakeholders for their continued support in the past and will welcome the same in the near future.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

M.S.Boom - Director

Date: 3005 2017

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company in the year under review were those of bridge financing, and social housing in UK and in Europe. The company also provides consultancy and advisory services to it's corporate clients:

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2016.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2016 to the date of this report.

M S Boom C N Hutton Y Singh

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report; the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice-(United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors, must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and defection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Cox Costello & Horne, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M S Boom - Director

Date: 30 05 2017

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF QUEROS CAPITAL PARTNERS PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Queros Capital Partners Pic for the year ended 31 December 2016 on pages six to sixteen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify materially inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on; or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Emphasis of matter

Other debtors:

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to disclosures in note 8 to the financial statements. As at 31. December 2016, the Company were owed a significant amount of funds disbursed as unsecured loans.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF QUEROS CAPITAL PARTNERS PLC

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Ashish Kirtikumar Shah (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Cox Costello & Horne. Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Fourth & Fifth Floor.

14-15 Lower Grosvenor Place

London SW1W 0EX

Date: 31 5 2013

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

| | Notes | Year Ended 31.12.16 £ | Period 4.11.14 to 31.12.15 £ |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| TURNOVER. | 3 | 198,294 | 64,212 |
| Administrative expenses | | 184,626 | 58,508 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 5 | 13,668 | 5,704 |
| Interest receivable and similar incom | ie | 4.7 | |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | | 13,685 | 5;704 |
| Tax on profit | . 7 | 2,737 | 1,141 |
| PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA | AR . | 10,948 | 4,563 |

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

| we will and the second of the | فالماسية والمعالمة المناف المعادين والمعالم والمنطور والمالة والمساورة والمعالم والمالية والمالية والمالية والمالية | |
|---|--|---------------|
| | | Period |
| | | 4.11.14 |
| | Year Ended | to |
| | 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| Nedlas | ε | £ |
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | 30.948 | 4.563 |
| other comprehensive income | * | 4 |
| | Security State 1 Security States | , |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR | | |
| THE YEAR | 10,948 | 4,563 |
| • | Annual State of the Contract o | |

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2016

| | Notes | 39.72.46 | 31/12.15 £ |
|--|----------------|--|--|
| CURRENT ASSETS | * y *, 0.00g#: | | ** |
| Debtors | .8 | 1,795,456 | 688,037 |
| Cashi ët bank . | 9 | 83,938 | 7,920 |
| · • | | 1,877,393 | 675,957 |
| REDITORS | | . . | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | 10 | 98,783 | 39,294 |
| VET CURRENT ASSETS | | 1,780,614 | 636:963 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 1,780,81 | 636,663 |
| CREDITORS | | | |
| ano méditeriom salte auto pullialie enom | | | |
| /ear | 11 | 1,715,000 | 532,000 |
| NET ASSETS | | 65,811 | 54,663 |
| | | "Mean training designation of a "Array againstances. "My sear the physician of a "O day a physician of a A | the company was to a successful property of the company of the com |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Called up share capita! | 1.2 | 50,700 | 50,100 |
| Retained earnings | 43 | 15.531 | 4,563 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | 65,811 | 54.663 |
| | | participation of the state of t | |

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 30-05-7017 and were signed on its behalf by:

M-S-Boom - Director

V Singh - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED:31 DECEMBER 2016

| | Called up | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | share capital £ | Retained earnings £ | Total equity £ |
| Changes in equity | | | |
| ssue of share capital | 50,100 | ÷. | 50.100 |
| Total comprehensive income | | 4,563 | 4,563 |
| Balance at 31 December 2015 | 50,100 | 4,563 | 54,663 |
| Changes in equity | | | |
| Total comprehensive income | | 10,948 | 10,948 |
| Balance at 31 December 2016 | 50,100 | 15,511 | 65,611 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

| | Matão | Year Ended 31:12:16 | Reriod: 4:11.14 to 31:12.15 |
|--|---------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | Notes | £ | £ |
| Cash generated from operations Tax paid | :1 | 60,796 13,205 | (42,180) |
| Net cash from operating activities: | | 74,001 | (42,180) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Interest received | | 17 | ·- |
| Net cash from investing activities | | 17 | • |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Share issue | | - | 50,100 |
| Net cash from financing activities | | | .50,100 |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalent | s | 74,018 | 7,920 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginni | | , ,,0,,0,, | 1,920 |
| of yea <u>r</u> | 2 | - 7,920 | • |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of y | year .2 | 84,938 | 7,920 |

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents

Period ended 31 December 2015

| 1. | RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO C | ASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIO | |
|----|---|--|------------------|
| | | | Period |
| | | | 4.11.14 |
| | | Year Ended | lto |
| | | 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Draft hafara tourting | _ | |
| | Profit before taxation | 13,685 | 5,704 |
| | Finance income | (17) | - |
| | • | 13,668 | 5,704 |
| | Increase in trade and other debtors | (1,127,419) | (668,037) |
| | Increase in trade and other creditors | 1,174,547 | 620,153 |
| | macade in trade, and dyner dischold | 111.40.000 | |
| | Cash generated from operations | 60,796 | (42,180) |
| 2. | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | |
| | The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in | n respect of cash and cash equivalents | s are in respect |
| | of these Statement of Financial Position amounts: | | • |
| | Year ended 31 December 2016 | | |
| | | 31.12.16 | 1.1.16 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | | | |

81,938

31.12.15

£ 7,920 7,920

4.11.14

£

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Queros Capital Partners Pic is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Not specified/Öther. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Early adoption of Financial Reporting Standard 102 has been applied from 4 November 2014.

Turnove

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

For revenue arising from the rendering of services; provided that all of the following criteria are met, revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the financial position date:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the seller:
- the stage of completion at the financial position date can be measured reliably; and
- and the costs incurred, or to be incurred, in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

When the above criteria are not met, revenue arising from the rendering of services is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

Interest Income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Income tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Trade and other payables

Frade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value, which is equivalent to amortised cost. The company accrues for all goods and services consumed but as yet unbilled at amounts representing management's best estimate of fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period. Income and expense is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial instruments "at fair value through profit or loss".

Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed of determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as "loans and receivables". Loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest method, except for short-term receivables when the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the other gains and losses line in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the chairman's report on pages 2 to 3. The financial position of the company, its cash flows are also described in the aforementioned report.

At the year end, the Statement of Financial Position shows assets in excess of liabilities by £65,611 (2015:£54,663). From the company's forecasts and projections, taking into account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, the directors have reasonable expectation that the company will continue to increase this excess for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the two principal activities of the company, as follows:

Consultancy income: £80,100 (2015; £42,100) Investment income: £118,194 (2015; £22,112)

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

| | Period |
|------------|----------|
| | 4.11.14 |
| Year Ended | to |
| 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| £ | Æ |
| 18,682 | - |
| | |

Wages and salaries

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

| 4. | EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued | | |
|----|---|--|----------------------------|
| | The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows: | | Period |
| | | Year Ended 31:12:16 | 4.11.14 to 31.12.15 |
| | Administrative staff | <u>1</u> : | 1 |
| | | National States of the Control of th | Period 4.11.14 |
| | | Year Ended 31:12.16 £ | to: 31.12.15 £ |
| | Directors' remuneration | 18,682 | - |
| .5 | ÓPERATING PROFIT | | |
| | The operating profit is stated after charging: | • | |
| | | Year Ended | Period 4/11/14 to |
| | | 31.12.16 £ | 31.12.15 £ |
| 6. | AUDITORS' REMUNERATION | | |
| | | Year Ended | Period 4.11.14 |
| | | 31.12.16 £ | to 31.12.15 £ |
| | Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's financial statements | 9,200 | 13,200 |
| | 2015: Included in auditor's remuneration is audit fee of £2,400 from PKF Cooper Clement Keys) relating to period ended 31 December 2014 and audit fee of £ for year ended 31 December 2015. | Perry (previously kr 10,800 from Cox-C | nown as ostello & Horne |
| 7. | TAXATION | | |
| | Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows: | | |
| | | | Period 4.11.14 |
| | | Year Ended 31.42.16 £: | to 31.12.15 £ |
| | Current tax: UK corporation tax | 2,737 | 1,341 |
| | Tax on profit | 2,737 | 1,141 |

UK corporation tax has been charged at 20% (2015 - 20%).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER:2016

| 8. | DEBTORS | | |
|-----|--|--------------|----------------|
| | | 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | £ | £ |
| | Trade debtors | 82,383 | 40,712 |
| | Other debtors | 1,602,713 | 544,594 |
| | Prepayments | 37,681 | - , |
| | | 1,722,777 | 585,306 |
| | Amounts falling due after more than one year: | | |
| | Other debtors | 72,679 | 82,731 |
| | Aggregatë amounts | 1,795,456 | 668,037 |
| | Other debtors include unsecured loans to third parties of £1,592,000 (2015: £532 | 2,000). | |
| | Long term debtors are expenditure deferred in relation to legal and profession issued bond certificates. | , | over the term |
| 9. | CASH AT BANK | | |
| | | 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| | Bank current account | ,£ 81,892 | £ 7,874 |
| | Cash in hand | 46 | 46 |
| | | 81,938 | 7,920 |
| | | === | |
| 10. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | | |
| | | 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Trade creditors | 23,304 | 1,000 |
| | Tax | 17,083 | 1,141 |
| | Other-creditors Accruals and deferred income | 18,737 | 37,153 |
| | Accidate and deterred income | 37,659 | |
| | | 96,783 | 39,294 |
| 11. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR | | |
| | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| | | È | £ |
| | Other creditors | 1,715,000 | 582,000 |
| | | | |

At 31 December 2016 there were £1,715,000 (2015: 582,000) of unsecured bonds in issue. Each bond has a nominal value of £1 and is repayable in 2025. The bonds carry an interest rate of 8 % per annum, due quarterly in arrears on March, June, September and December, payable 21 days after the quarter end. When the bonds were issued, the prevailing market interest rate for similar bonds was higher than the interest rate at which the bonds were issued.

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

| Allotted, issu | led and fully paid: | | • | |
|----------------|---------------------|---------|----------|----------|
| Number: | Class: | Nominal | 31.12.16 | 31.12.15 |
| | | válue: | £ | £ |
| 50,100 | Ordinary Shares | 1 | 50,100 | 50,100 |
| | | | | |

of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

| 13. | RESERVES | Retained earnings £ |
|-----|---|---------------------------|
| | At 1 January-2016. Profit for the year | 4,563 10,948 |
| | At 31 December 2016 | 15,511 |

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES:

During the year the company engaged in the following related party transactions with Croftborne Limited, a company in which M Boom was a director:

The company provided an unsecured short term loan of £5,920 (2015: £132,000) and received £Nii- (2015: £15,600) as short term loan.

The company generated investment income of £18,392 (2015: £5,907) and consultancy income of £57,600 (2015: £16,600).

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors M S Boom and Y Singh are the ultimate controlling parties of this company.